



NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION
Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure)
(England) Order 2015

Contact Name and Address:

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Application No: ST/0503/15/FUL

Date of Issue: 17/08/2015

In pursuance of their powers under the above mentioned Acts, South Tyneside Council as Local Planning Authority hereby **GRANT** planning permission for the following:

PROPOSAL: Demolition of existing car wash and construction of new drive through restaurant.

LOCATION: Former ARC Car Wash, Towers Place, South Shields, NE34 9QD

In accordance with your application dated 29 May 2015

SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION(S) AND REASON(S):

- 1 The development to which this permission relates must be commenced not later than 3 years from the date of this permission.

As required by Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and to ensure that the development is carried out within a reasonable time.

- 2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plan(s) as detailed below

Drg. no. 3266_PL04 Received 29/05/2015

Drg. no. 3266_PL03D Received 06/08/2015

Any minor material changes to the approved plans will require a formal planning application under S73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 to vary this condition and substitute alternative plans.

In order to provide a procedure to seek approval of proposed minor material change which is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

- 3 Notwithstanding information already provided, details of the following shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the local planning authority prior to implementation on site:

External materials and colour finishes relating to the construction of the restaurant building.

Thereafter, all works shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

To ensure a satisfactory standard of development and in the interests of visual amenity in accordance with South Tyneside Local Development Framework Policy DM1.

- 4 Development shall not commence until an investigation and risk assessment has been completed in accordance with a scheme to assess the nature and extent of any contamination on the site, whether or not it originates on the site. The contents of the scheme are subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority. The investigation and risk assessment must be undertaken by competent persons and a written report of the findings must be produced. The written report is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority. The report of the findings must include (i) a survey of the extent, scale and nature of contamination; (ii) an assessment of the potential risks to human health, property (existing or proposed) and (iii) an appraisal of remedial options, and proposal of the preferred option(s). This must be conducted in accordance with DEFRA and the Environment Agency's 'Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination, CLR 11'.

To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the development site and neighbouring land are minimised and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other off site receptors, in accordance with Policies DM1 and EA5 of the South Tyneside Local Development Framework.

- 5 A Detailed Remediation Strategy for the proposed remedial works shall be submitted to, and approved by the Local Planning Authority prior to commencing remedial works. The scheme must include all works to be undertaken, proposed remediation objectives and remediation criteria, timetable of works and site management procedures. The scheme must ensure that the site will not qualify as contaminated land under Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 in relation to the intended use of the land after remediation.

To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the development site and neighbouring land are minimised and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other off site receptors, in accordance with Policies DM1 and EA5 of the South Tyneside Local Development Framework.

- 6 Following completion of measures identified in the approved remediation strategy, a verification report that demonstrates the effectiveness of the remediation carried out must be produced, and is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority prior to the site being occupied.

To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the development site and neighbouring land are minimised and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other off site receptors, in accordance with Policies DM1 and EA5 of the South Tyneside Local Development Framework.

- 7 In the event that contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development that was not previously identified, it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority. Sufficient detail should be provided identifying how the unexpected contamination will be dealt with.

To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the development site and neighbouring land are minimised and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other off site receptors, in accordance with Policies DM1 and EA5 of the South Tyneside Local Development Framework.

- 8 The development hereby permitted shall not open to the public until all of the parking areas, cycle racks, road surface markings and access/egress arrangements shown on the approved plan number 3266_PL03D received 06/08/2015 have been completed. The approved details shall be retained thereafter.

To ensure that the proposed car, cycle parking and access arrangements are provided to serve the development and in the interests of highway safety and amenity in accordance with Policy DM1 of the South Tyneside Local Development Framework.

- 9 Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) or the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (as amended) (or any order[s] revoking and re-enacting either order with or without modification) the development hereby permitted shall only be used as a drive-through restaurant and for no other purpose.

The Local Planning Authority would wish to carefully examine any alternative use(s) of the site to assess whether its location would be either sequentially or strategically acceptable having regard to both the National Planning Policy Framework and Local Development Plan Policies E1, SC1, SC2, DM1 and DM2 of the South Tyneside Local Development Framework.

NOTES TO APPLICANT:

- 1 In dealing with this application the Council has implemented the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework (paragraphs 186 & 187) to seek to approve applications for sustainable development where possible.

2 ALL DEVELOPMENTS WITHIN COALFIELD STANDING ADVICE AREAS

The proposed development lies within a coal mining area which may contain unrecorded coal mining related hazards. If any coal mining feature is encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to The Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848. It should also be noted that this site may lie in an area where a current licence exists for underground coal mining.

Further information is also available on The Coal Authority website at:
www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority

Property specific summary information on past, current and future coal mining activity can be obtained from: www.groundstability.com

- 3 The applicant may wish to consider the document HSE (1991) 'Protection of Workers and the General Public during the Development of Contaminated Land' or other similar guidance during any site works.
- 4 any consent that may be required for proposed advertisements under the provisions of the Town & Country Planning (Control of Advertisements) Regulations 1997 (as amended).



George Mansbridge
Head of Development Services

Your attention is drawn to the attached schedule of notes which form part of this notice

NOTES

- 1 This certificate is issued under the Town and Country Planning Acts, Regulations and Orders and does not constitute a permission, approval or consent by South Tyneside Council for any other purpose whatsoever. Applications must therefore be made to the appropriate Departments of the Council for any other permission, approval or consent (including Building Regulations approval or approval of South Tyneside Council as ground landlord where appropriate) which may be necessary in connection with the proposed development or anything incidental thereto, or the use to be made of the premises which form the subject of such development.
- 2 You may also require permissions, approvals or consents under other legislation, or from bodies other than South Tyneside Council. This could include works affecting a public sewer, gas main, or electricity line, works within the adopted highway, works affecting a public right of way, property covenants, legislation relating to disabled persons, land drainage consent, waste management consent, scheduled monument consent or works affecting protected habitats or species.
3. Any non-material change to the approved plan(s) that form part of this permission would require the submission of an application for a non-material change under section 96A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. Whether changes to a proposed development are considered non-material is a matter for Planning Authority discretion.
- 4 The approved development should be implemented in strict compliance with all of the planning conditions, and in particular any which require details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development. Failure to do so may result in any commencement of development being unauthorised, which could be liable to enforcement action.
- 5 If you wish to change, or not comply with, any of the planning conditions attached to the permission, then you will need to submit a new application for planning permission under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. This does not affect your statutory rights of appeal against any of the planning conditions. This includes if you wish to not comply with a condition attached to a permission which details the approved plan(s), so as to make a minor material change to the approved plan(s). A minor material change is defined as one whose scale and nature results in a development that is not substantially different from that which has been approved.
- 6 Your attention is drawn to your responsibilities under the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 and the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 relating to disabled persons, to ensure that adequate attention has been paid to their needs. If the proposed development involves new or existing buildings to which the public are to be admitted, or offices, shops, railway premises, factories or educational buildings, provision should be made for the means of access, parking and sanitary conveniences to meet the needs of disabled people. In addition, appropriate signposting of the facilities should be provided. In carrying out these statutory obligations your attention is drawn to the "Code of Practice for Access for the Disabled to Buildings" (BS5810:1979). You are advised to seek professional advice to ensure that you meet your legal obligations under the Disability Discrimination Act 1995, especially with regard to Part III thereof.

APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE

7 Only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.

If you are aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to grant permission subject to conditions, then you may appeal to the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government in accordance of section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within six months of the date of this notice. The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances, which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the Local Planning Authority without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order.

Appeals can be made online using the Planning Inspectorates planning appeal service through the Planning Portal at <http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals/online/makeanappeal>. You must use a standard Planning Appeal Form when making your appeal. Please be aware that details of planning appeals are available on the internet and may include a copy of the original planning application form and relevant supporting documents supplied to ourselves, either by you, or your agent, together with the completed appeal form, and information that you submit to the Planning Inspectorate. Please ensure that you only provide information, including personal information belonging to you that you are happy will be made available to others in this way. If you supply personal information belonging to a third party please ensure you have their permission to do so. More information about data protection and privacy matters is available on the planning portal website.

Alternatively if you do not wish to submit your appeal electronically, a form is obtainable from The Planning Inspectorate, Customer Support Unit, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN. Email: enquiries@planning-inspectorate.gsi.gov.uk or telephone 0303 4445000. Please note that you must state the appeal form that you require.

PURCHASE NOTICES

- 8 If permission to develop land is granted subject to conditions, whether by South Tyneside Council as local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council, requiring the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.